

| MAY Week beginning 18/05 Subject: MATHS GROUP <br> Ms. O Sullivan and Ms. Browne $5^{\text {th }}$ class <br> SEN Teacher: Ms. Crosse <br> Work below is to be carried out over a week. Uncompleted work can carry on to the following week. |  |  |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week } 8 \\ & \text { 18/05 } \end{aligned}$ | Multiplication <br> Revise multiplication facts each day for at least 10 minutes. This link has a variety of games to play to help revise. <br> https://www.scoilnet.ie/learningpath/ref/15176/ <br> https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button | Measures-Capacity <br> See the Estimation activity below <br> Week 8 Worksheet 1 (a) <br> Worksheet 2 Converting ml to $\mathbf{L}$ <br> Remember: <br> $\mathrm{L}=$ Litre and $\mathrm{ml}=$ millilitres <br> There are $1,000 \mathrm{ml}$ in a Litre <br> 500 ml in $1 / 2 \mathrm{~L}$ <br> 250 ml in $1 / 4 \mathrm{~L}$ |
|  |  | Perimeter <br> Watch the videos to revise what perimeter means. <br> Remember: <br> If you were looking at a field or garden, the perimeter is the fence going along the outside. <br> (Area is the grassy area inside the fence.) <br> Carry out the exercises. <br> https://www.mathantics.com/lesson/peri meter <br> Worksheet 3 (a) Perimeter of triangles <br> Worksheet 3 (b) Perimeter of rectangles <br> Worksheet 3 (c) Perimeter of polygons |

# Worksheet 1 (a) <br> ESTIMATING Capacity (Liquids) 

## What does 1 litre feel like?

## Note for Parents/Guardians

It is important for pupils to be able to take a good guess (an estimate) at the weight of things.
To help with this it is good to have a benchmark for how heavy a liquid feels e.g. 1 litre


Find something in your kitchen that is 1 litre...could be a bottle of water or fabric softener. Get your daughter to hold it and feel how heavy it is.
3. On large sheets of paper draw and label the following buckets.


Select several liquid items e.g. washing up liquid, milk, vinegar etc and ask you daughter to hold them and then put them near the correct label. Check out the actual weights when she is finished.

The worksheet below could be used if you would like.

| Item | Less than 1L | About 1L | More than 1L |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Bottle of Orange |  |
|  |  |  |  |
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Next time try the above activity for:
(b) $1 / 2 \mathrm{~L}(500 \mathrm{ml})$
(C) $1 / 4 \mathrm{~L}(250 \mathrm{ml})$

## WORKSHEET 1(b)

Note: The worksheet below is from an American website so the spelling is slightly different. We spell ' $L$ as Litre and ' $m \mathrm{~m}$ ' as millilitre.

## Remember: There are $1,000 \mathrm{ml}$ in a Litre

500 ml in $1 / 2 \mathrm{~L}$
250 ml in $1 / 4 \mathrm{~L}$


## ANSWERS FOR WORKSHEET 1 (b)



## Week $7 \quad$ Worksheet 2

Use your calculator if you need to.
$\mathrm{L}=$ Litre and $\mathrm{ml}=$ millilitres
Remember there are 1000 ml in $\mathbf{1 L}$
E.g. 7 Litres and 4 mililitres
$7 \mathrm{~L}=7,000 \mathrm{ml}$
so $\mathbf{7 , 0 0 0} \mathrm{ml}+4 \mathrm{ml}=\mathbf{7 , 0 0 4} \mathbf{~ m l}$
Solve each problem.

1) 8 liters and 3 milliliters $=$ $\qquad$ milliliters
2) 10 liters and 6 milliliters $=$ $\qquad$ milliliters
3) 7 liters and 7 milliliters $=$ $\qquad$ milliliters
4) 2 liters and 4 milliliters $=$ $\qquad$ milliliters
5) 1 liter and 3 milliliters $=$ $\qquad$ milliliters

## Answers for worksheet 2

## Solve each problem.

1) 8 liters and 3 milliliters $=$ $\qquad$ 8,003 milliliters
2) 10 liters and 6 milliliters $=10,006$ milliliters
3) 7 liters and 7 milliliters $=7,007$ milliliters
4) 2 liters and 4 milliliters $=2,004$ milliliters
5) 1 liter and 3 milliliters $=1,003$ milliliters

|  | Worksheet no. 3 |  | Addition |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adding and sub <br> 1. (a) $\begin{array}{r} 1 \mathrm{ml} \\ 3455 \\ +2670 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | litres an $\begin{array}{r} 1 \mathrm{ml} \\ 4781 \\ +3456 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | tres. $\begin{array}{r} 1 \mathrm{ml} \\ 7527 \\ +5356 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | (d) $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \mathrm{ml} \\ 6 \quad 58 \\ +5 \quad 521 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\text { (e) } \begin{array}{r} 1 \mathrm{ml} \\ 8 \quad 43 \\ +5573 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |



